

# Numerical results for the exact spectrum of planar ABJM theory

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based on: F.L-M, arXiv: 1110.5869

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## Summary

- We numerically solve the **Thermodynamic Bethe Ansatz** equations for a short operator in planar **ABJM theory**
- This provides the operator's exact scaling dimension at **intermediate coupling**

## ABJM duality

Aharony, Bergman, Jafferis, Maldacena 2008

$\mathcal{N} = 6$  3d superconformal  $SU(N) \times SU(N)$  Chern-Simons

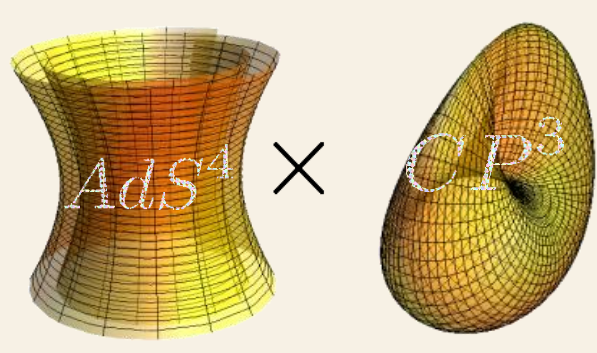
An AdS<sub>4</sub>/CFT<sub>3</sub> correspondence

Planar limit:  $N \rightarrow \infty$

't Hooft coupling  $\lambda$

operator anomalous dimensions  $\gamma_i$

superstrings in  $AdS^4 \times CP^3$



string tension  $T \propto \sqrt{\lambda}$

spectrum of string state energies  $E_i$

**The problem we study: finding this spectrum**

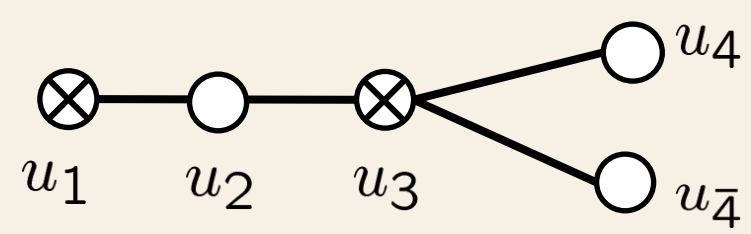
- Integrability  $\implies$  hope for exact solution of the problem
- Similarities with N=4 SYM / AdS<sub>5</sub> x S<sup>5</sup>

## Asymptotic Bethe ansatz (ABA)

Asymptotic spectrum (at  $L \rightarrow \infty$ ) - from **ABA equations** based on alternating spin chain

Gromov, Vieira 2008

$L \sim$  [# of elementary fields in the operator]



**The operator we study:**  $\mathcal{O}_{20} = \text{Tr}(Y^{[1} Y_4^\dagger Y^2] Y_3^\dagger)$

$Y^A, Y_A^\dagger$  are scalar fields; irrep **20** of  $SU(4)_R$

ABA description:

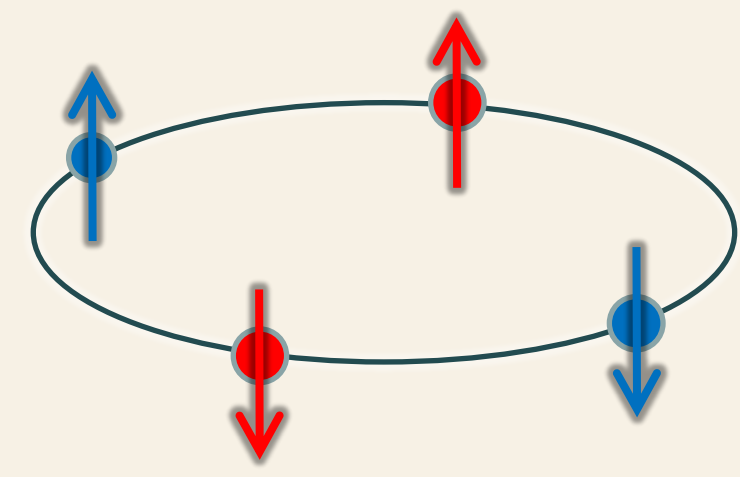
$su(2)$ :  $L = 2$ , two Bethe roots  $u_4 = u_{\bar{4}} = 0$

$sl(2)$ :  $L = 1$ , same Bethe roots

$$\gamma_{ABA} = \sqrt{1 + 16h(\lambda)^2} - 1$$

$h(\lambda)$  is an **interpolating function** of the coupling

$$h(\lambda) = \lambda + (-8 + 2\zeta(2))\lambda^3 + O(\lambda^5) = \sqrt{\frac{\lambda}{2}} + h_0 + O(1/\sqrt{\lambda})$$

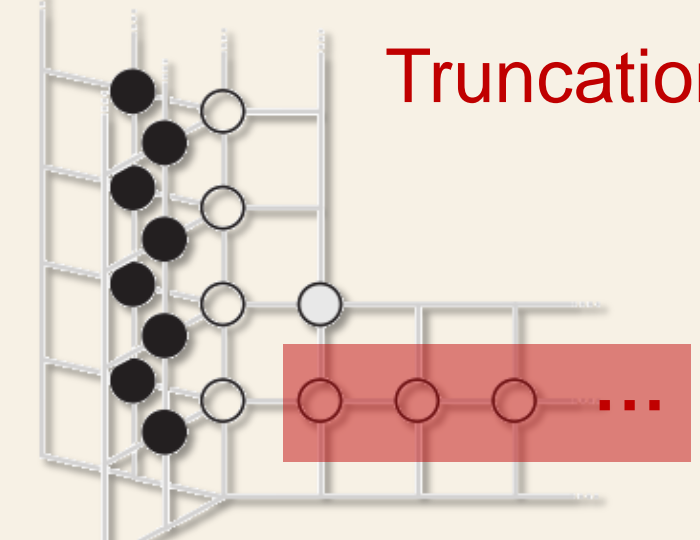


## TBA equations

$$\log Y_n(u) = \Phi_n(u) + \int dv K_{n,m}(u,v) \log(1 + Y_m(v))$$

- We solve these equations **iteratively**
- Obtain energy as a function of  $h(\lambda)$  for  $0 \leq h(\lambda) \leq 1$
- Numerics confirm that Bethe roots **remain at zero**

$$\begin{aligned} \log \frac{Y_n^+}{Y_n^-} &= +K_{n-1} + \log \frac{1+Y_{n-1}^+}{1+Y_{n-1}^-} + 2R^{(n)} + \log(1+Y_n) & (3.13) \\ \log \frac{Y_n^+}{Y_n^-} &= -K_{n-1} + \log \frac{1+Y_{n-1}^+}{1+Y_{n-1}^-} - 2R^{(n)} + \log(1+Y_n) & (3.14) \\ \log \frac{Y_n^+}{Y_n^-} &= -K_{n-1} + \log \frac{1+Y_{n-1}^+}{1+Y_{n-1}^-} - K_{n-1} + \log \frac{1+Y_n^+}{1+Y_n^-} & (3.15) \\ &+ 2M_{nn} + \log(1+Y_n) & \\ \log \frac{Y_n^+}{Y_n^-} &= K_{n-1} + \log \frac{1+Y_{n-1}^+}{1+Y_{n-1}^-} + K_{n-1} + \log \frac{1+Y_n^+}{1+Y_n^-} & (3.16) \\ \log \frac{Y_n^+}{Y_n^-} &= -g^{(n)} + \log \frac{1+Y_{n-1}^+}{1+Y_{n-1}^-} + R^{(n)} + \log \frac{1+Y_n^+}{1+Y_n^-} & (3.17) \\ &+ N_{nn} + \log \frac{1+Y_n^+}{1+Y_n^-} & \\ &+ (2S_{nn} - R_{nn}^{(1)} + R_{nn}^{(2)}) + \log(1+Y_n) & \end{aligned}$$



**Truncation:** use  $Y_{1,s} = \left( \frac{T_{1,s}^+ T_{1,s}^-}{T_{1,s+1}^+ T_{1,s-1}^-} - 1 \right)^{-1}$ , then Y-system is solved by  $T_{1,s} = s + K_s * f_R$

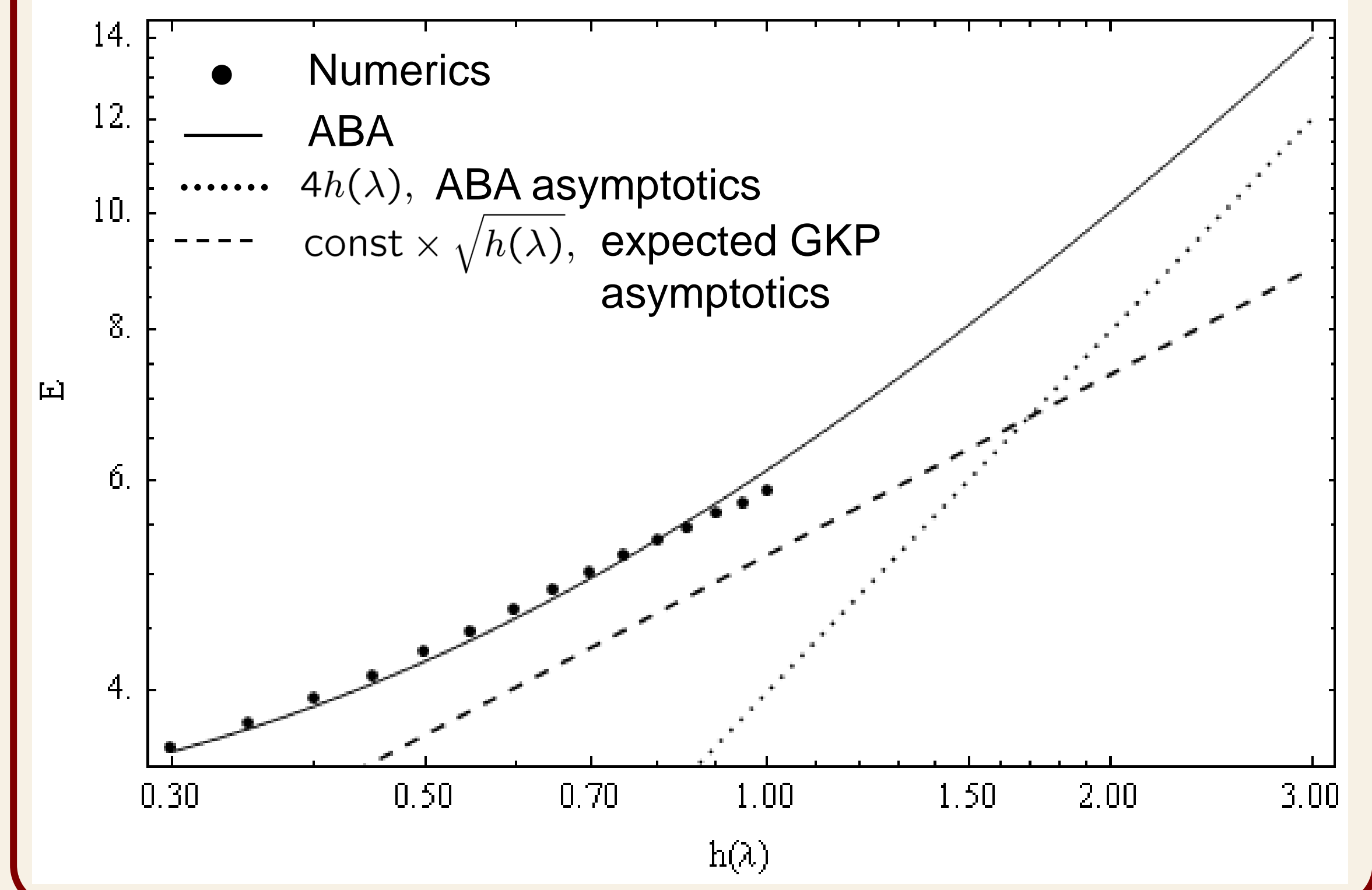
All  $\{Y_{1,s}\}$  ( $s=2,3,\dots$ ) replaced by 1 function  $f_R$ !

$$\frac{1 + Y_{1,1}}{1 + 1/Y_{2,2}} = \frac{(1 + K_1^+ *_{p.v.} f_R + f_R/2)(1 + K_1^- *_{p.v.} f_R + f_R/2)}{(1 + K_1^+ *_{p.v.} f_R - f_R/2)(1 + K_1^- *_{p.v.} f_R - f_R/2)}$$

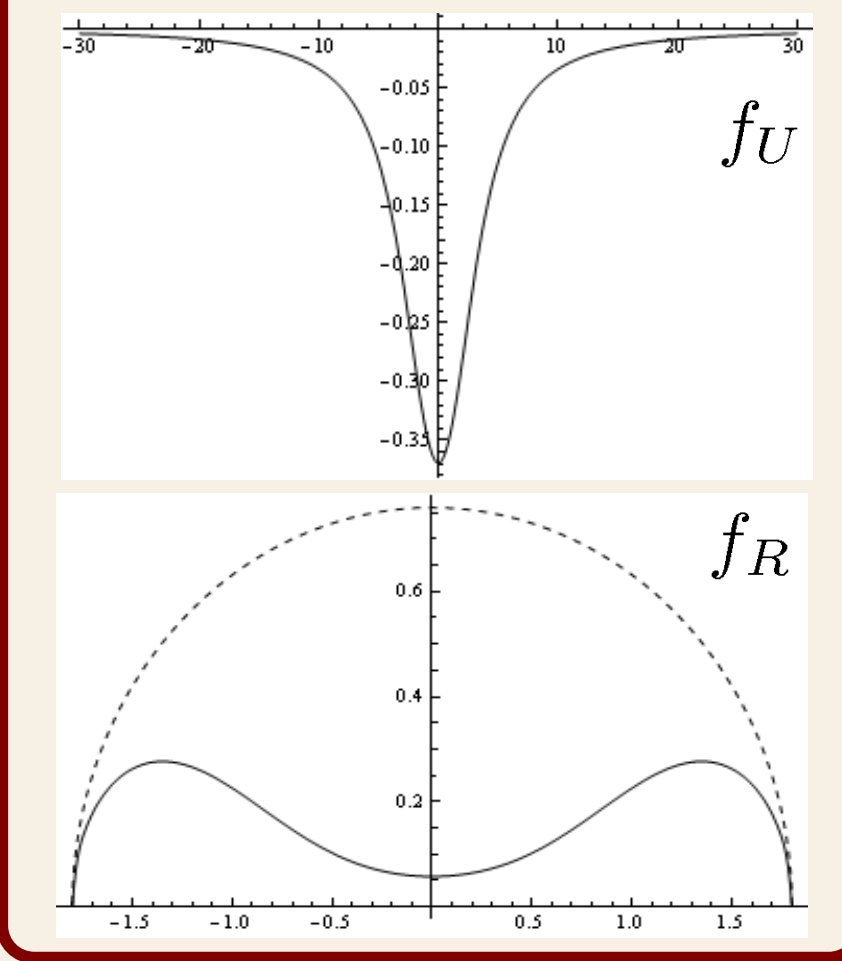
Same in **upper part**:  $\{Y_{a,1}\} \implies f_U$  but need a **cutoff** on black nodes (keep 6-7 of them).

Also subtract large L solution of Y-system; in the end precision for energy is  $\pm 10^{-3}$

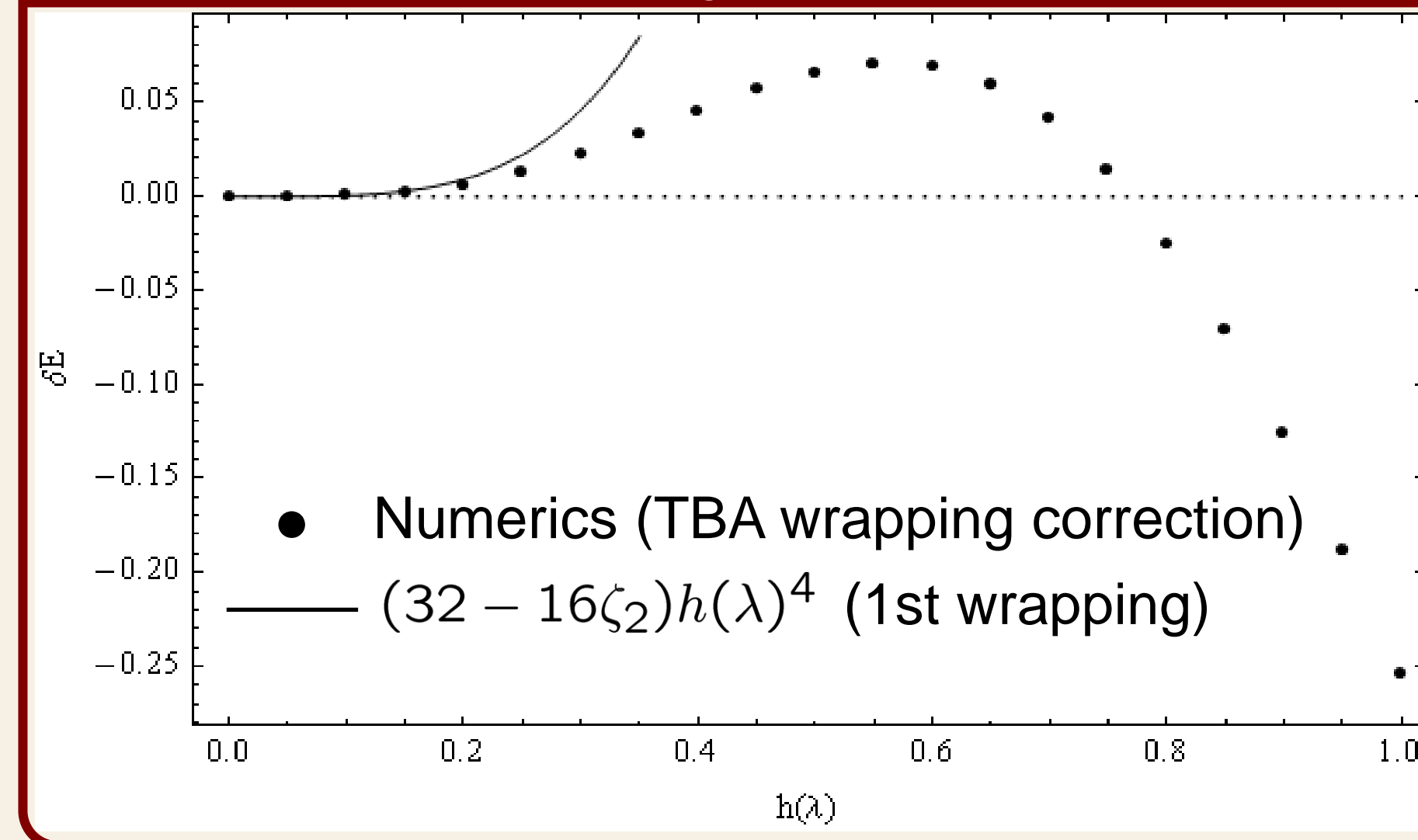
## Results: the scaling dimension



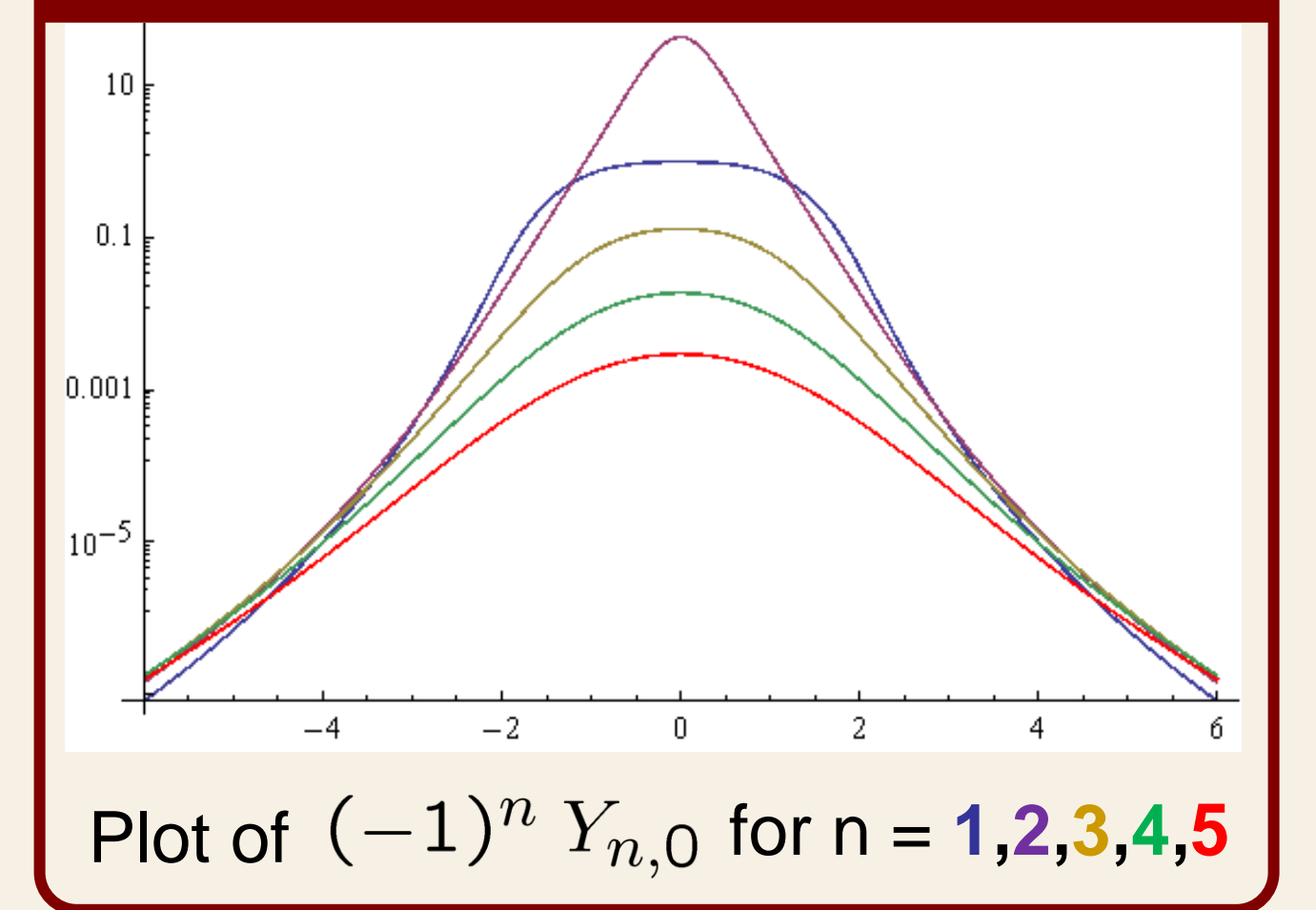
## Auxiliary functions $f_U, f_R$



## Wrapping correction



## Y-functions



## Y-system and TBA

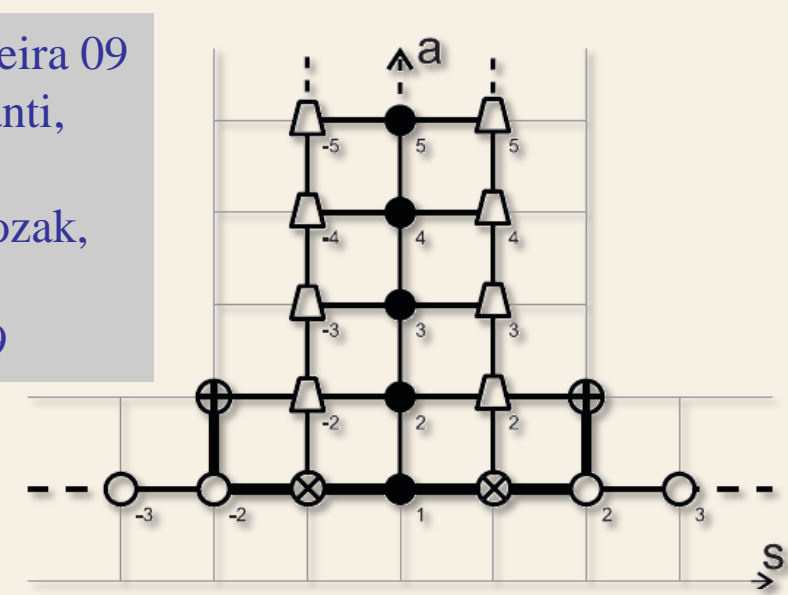
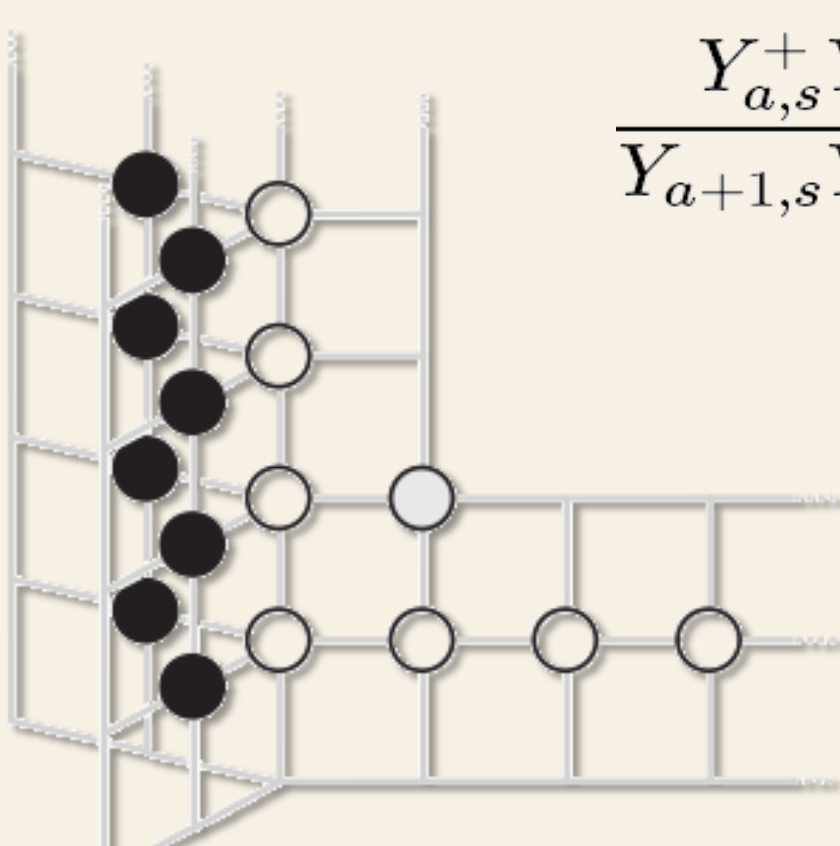
ABA result gets **finite-volume** wrapping corrections for finite  $L$

Exact spectrum at **any volume and coupling** - from an infinite set of functional (Y-system/Hirota) or integral (Thermodynamic Bethe Ansatz) equations

$$\frac{Y_{a,s}^+ Y_{a,s}^-}{Y_{a+1,s} Y_{a-1,s}} = \frac{(1 + Y_{a,s+1})(1 + Y_{a,s-1})}{(1 + Y_{a+1,s})(1 + Y_{a-1,s})} \quad Y_{a,s}^\pm \equiv Y_{a,s}(u \pm \frac{i}{2})$$

Gromov, Kazakov, Vieira 09  
Bombardelli, Fioravanti, Tateo 09  
Gromov, FL-M 09

Gromov, Kazakov, Vieira 09  
Bombardelli, Fioravanti, Tateo 09  
Gromov, Kazakov, Kozak, Vieira 09  
Arutyunov, Frolov 09



AdS<sub>4</sub> x CP<sup>3</sup>

Black nodes  $\implies$  energy

AdS<sub>5</sub> x S<sup>5</sup>

$$E = 2 \sum_a \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{du}{2\pi i} \frac{\partial \epsilon_a^{\text{mir}}}{\partial u} \log(1 + Y_{a,0}^{\text{mir}}(u)) + 2 \sum_j \epsilon^{\text{ph}}(u_{4,j})$$

+ "exact Bethe equations":  $Y_{1,0}^{\text{ph}}(u_{4,j}) = -1$

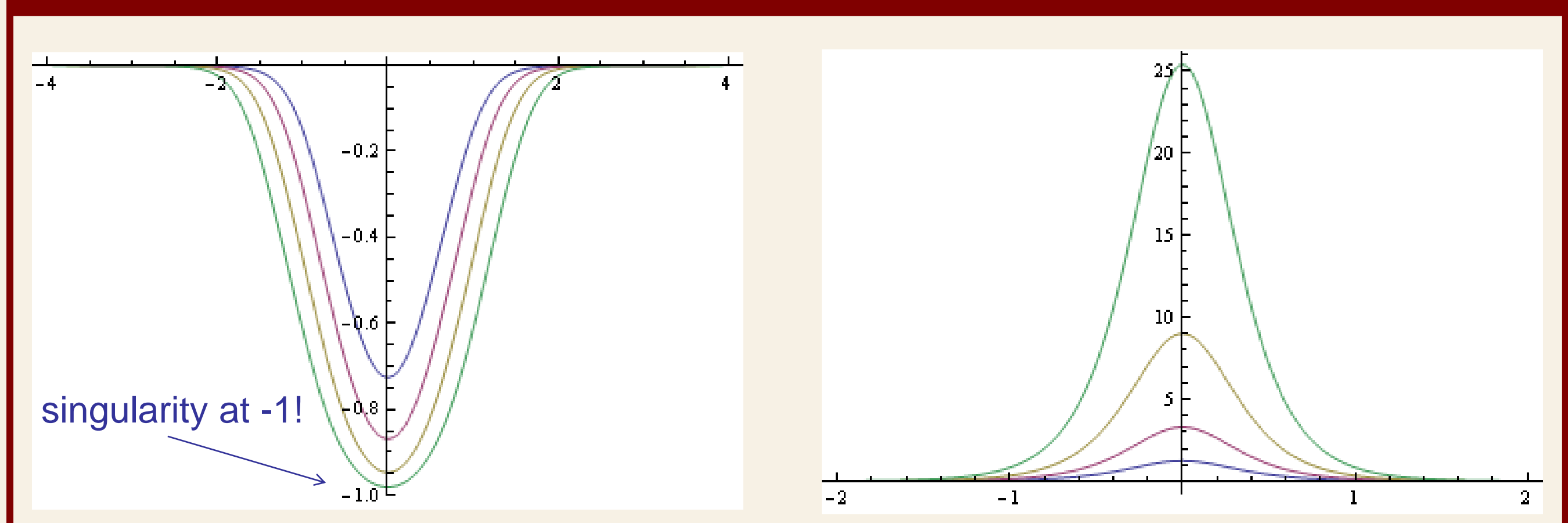
$sl(2)$  sector:  $Y_{a,0} = Y_{\bar{a},0}$

Leading wrapping for  $\mathcal{O}_{20}$  from Y-system:  $E_{\text{wrap}} = (32 - 16\zeta_2)h(\lambda)^4$

Confirmed by 4-loop calculation! Minahan, Sax, Steg 09

Gromov, Kazakov, Vieira 09

## Y-functions



## Conclusions

- First numerical study of **TBA** for **ABJM theory**; scaling dimension computed in a region inaccessible by other means
- Agreement to 4 loops with perturbation theory at weak coupling
- Singularity** approached by  $Y_{1,0}$  - new feature compared to Konishi
- Future directions:** increase the coupling using FiNLIE to investigate restoration of  $\lambda^{1/4}$  scaling; explore other states

## Acknowledgements

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